THE FACTS:
Indiana

**Public Health Funding:** Strong investments in public health allow a state to carry out programs that improve health. Indiana receives $15.31 per person in funding from CDC (lowest in the nation) and $23.48 per person from HRSA (40th in the nation). The Prevention and Public Health Fund has awarded over $45 million in grants to Indiana since 2010 for community and clinical prevention efforts and improvements to public health infrastructure.

**Access to Care:** 8.1 percent of people in Indiana do not have health insurance coverage, which is close to the national uninsured rate of 8.6 percent. The number of practicing health care providers is also an important measure of health care availability. Indiana has 123.4 active primary care physicians per 100,000 people. Nationally, there are 149.7 practicing primary care physicians per 100,000 people. Indiana only has 46.8 dentists per 100,000 people, ranking the state 45th in the nation.

**Notable Health Measures**
- **Drug deaths:** There are 17.9 deaths due to drug injury per 100,000 people in Indiana, a 108 percent increase since 2007.
- **Tobacco use:** 21.1 percent of the adult population smokes cigarettes, ranking the state 10th highest in the nation. Each year, 11,100 people die from smoking-related illnesses in Indiana and $2.9 billion is spent on health care costs due to smoking.
- **High school graduation:** 87.1 percent of students in Indiana graduate from high school, ranking 15th highest in the nation, which is of public health importance given that individuals with higher levels of education are more likely to adopt healthy behaviors.

**The Challenges Ahead**
- **Air pollution:** Indiana is ranked 46th in the nation for air quality with a measure of 9.7 micrograms of fine particles per cubic meter. Poor air quality can have severe health effects and impact a large number of people, particularly impacting young children and older adults.
- **Infant mortality:** While Indiana has made progress in reducing infant mortality from 10.7 deaths per 1,000 live births in 1990 to 7.2 deaths per 1,000 live births in 2017, the rate remains relatively high in comparison to other states. Indiana ranks 42nd in the nation.

Sources: Trust for America’s Health, Investing in America’s Health; Trust for America’s Health, Prevention and Public Health Fund at Work in States; U.S. Census Bureau, 2015, 2016, and 2017 1-Year American Community Surveys; United Health Foundation, America’s Health Rankings; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Tobacco Control Program Funding.

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