March 27, 2017

U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative:

We are writing to express our strong opposition to H.R. 1136, the FDA Deeming Authority Clarification Act of 2017, which would exempt e-cigarettes, cigars, and other tobacco products from an important product review designed to protect public health. The bill would significantly weaken FDA’s ability to take prompt action to protect children from the thousands of fruit- and candy-flavored e-cigarettes and cigars including flavors such as cotton candy, gummy bear and fruit punch that clearly appeal to kids.

Under the Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act (TCA), which Congress enacted with bipartisan support in 2009, any tobacco product introduced to the market, or modified, after February 15, 2007, must be reviewed by the FDA. This scientific review enables the FDA to assess a new tobacco product’s health risks, its addictiveness, and the likelihood that it would increase the number of young people who use a tobacco product. It ensures that the decision to market a potentially addictive and harmful product is not left to manufacturers alone and is based instead on an independent assessment of the product’s effect on public health.

H.R. 1136 would fundamentally change the TCA by exempting from this FDA review e-cigarettes, cigars, and certain other tobacco products that entered the market between February 15, 2007, and August 8, 2016. These products are not harmless. All of them deliver nicotine, a highly addictive substance, and pose other health risks. While the levels of toxins and carcinogens produced by e-cigarettes are generally lower than those produced by cigarettes, e-cigarettes can contain chemicals known to have adverse health effects. Cigar smoking can cause cancer, heart disease, and pulmonary disease and is responsible for approximately 9,000 premature deaths a year. A scientific review by the FDA is appropriate for products with these potential health risks.
Exempting these products from an FDA review would make it more difficult for FDA to protect public health, including the millions of youth who use e-cigarettes and cigars. E-cigarettes are now more popular with youth than regular cigarettes, and high school boys smoke cigars at a higher rate than regular cigarettes. Both e-cigarettes and cigars are made in a wide variety of flavors, and youth cite flavors as a major reason for their use of these products. Yet under H.R. 1136 manufacturers of e-cigarettes and cigars would no longer be required to demonstrate that these flavors are not making their products more appealing to youth.

FDA’s authority to review new tobacco products correctly places the responsibility on manufacturers to provide information that will enable the FDA to assess the risks of these products to consumers and the broader public. Manufacturers should inform the FDA about what these products contain, how they are made, what their health risks are, and whether they are likely to increase the number of youth who use the product. Without this authority, FDA would be left in the dark about important aspects of these products and its ability to protect public health would be significantly weakened.

We urge you to oppose this legislation.

Sincerely,

Academy of General Dentistry
Action on Smoking & Health
American Academy of Oral and Maxillofacial Pathology
American Academy of Otolaryngology—Head and Neck Surgery
American Academy of Pediatrics
American Association for Respiratory Care
American Association of Nurse Practitioners
American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network
American College of Cardiology
American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine
American College of Preventive Medicine
American Dental Association
American Heart Association
American Lung Association
American Medical Student Association
American Psychological Association
American Public Health Association
American School Health Association
American Society of Addiction Medicine
American Thoracic Society
Association of Women’s Health, Obstetric and Neonatal Nurses
Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids
ClearWay Minnesota
Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America
COPD Foundation
Eta Sigma Gamma - National Health Education Honorary
March of Dimes
National African American Tobacco Prevention Network
National Association of County & City Health Officials
National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners
National Association of School Nurses
National Association of Social Workers
National Center for Health Research
National Hispanic Medical Association
National Network of Public Health Institutes
National Physicians Alliance
Oncology Nursing Society
Oral Health America
Prevention Institute
Society for Public Health Education
Students Against Destructive Decisions
The Society for State Leaders of Health and Physical Education
The Society of Thoracic Surgeons